PSL-FP-IFR26650PC  3.2V 2.3 AH

POWER CELL

The PSL-FP-IFR26650PC is a Power cell. Power cells are designed to deliver high current loads over a short period of time, making them ideal for use in high rate and starter applications.

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

- **Nominal Voltage**: 3.2 V
- **Rated Capacity**: 2.3 AH
- **Stored Energy**: 8.4 Wh
- **Cycle Life** (@DOD100%) 2000 Cycles
- **Approximate Weight**: 0.19 lbs (85g)
- **Internal Resistance**: ≤15 mΩ
- **Max Charge Current**: 4.6 A /2C
- **Max Discharge Current**: 69 A/30C
- **Charge Cut-off Voltage**: 3.65 V
- **Recommended Discharge Cut-Off Voltage**: 2.5 V

OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE

- **Charge**: 32°F (0°C) to 113°F (45°C)
- **Discharge**: -4°F (-20°C) to 140°F (60°C)
- **Recommended**: 59°F (15°C) to 95°F (35°C)

STORAGE SPECIFICATIONS

- **Retention**:
  - 1 Month: 90%
  - 3 Months: 85%
  - 6 Months: 80%

- **Recovery**:
  - 95%

*Cell stored at 77°F (25°C) with 50% SOC used to determine retention and recovery.

Long-term storage temperature should be 14°F (-10°C) to 95°F (35°C) with 45-85%RH. It is recommended to store cells at 25°C and between 3.3 and 3.4V for long term storage.

To ensure safe and efficient operation always refer to the latest edition of our Technical Manual, as published on our website.

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## CAPACITY SPECIFICATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Test Method and Condition</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rated Capacity 1C</td>
<td>Capacity measured with discharge current of 1C with 2V cut-off voltage after the standard charge.</td>
<td>2300mAh</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rated Capacity 10C</td>
<td>Capacity measured with discharge current of 10C with 2V cut-off voltage after the standard charge.</td>
<td>2250mAh</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rated Capacity 20C</td>
<td>Capacity measured with discharge current of 20C with 2V cut-off voltage after the standard charge.</td>
<td>2200mAh</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rated Capacity 30C</td>
<td>Capacity measured with discharge current of 30C with 1.5V cut-off voltage after the standard charge.</td>
<td>2100mAh</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cycle Life</td>
<td>Temperature: 23+/−5°C Charge: 1C Constant Current to 3.65V, then Constant Voltage to 0.05C cut off Discharge: 1C discharge to 2V 80% or more of first cycle capacity at 1C discharge</td>
<td>2000 times</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial Impedance</td>
<td>Internal resistance measured at AC 1KHz at 50% charge</td>
<td>≤15 mΩ</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Standard environmental test condition:**
- Unless otherwise specified, all tests stated in this Product Specification are conducted at:
  - Temperature: 23+/−5°C
  - Humidity: 65+/−20% RH

## CHARGING SPECIFICATIONS

**Charging Current:**
Charging current should be less than the maximum charge current specified within this product specification. Charging with higher current than recommended may cause damage to the cell's electrical, mechanical, and safety performance, and could lead to heat generation or leakage of electrolyte.

**Charging Voltage:**
Charging voltage should be less than the maximum charge voltage specified within this product specification. Charging beyond 3.7V, which is the absolute maximum voltage, is strictly prohibited. The charger shall be designed to comply with this condition. Charging with higher voltage than maximum may cause damage to the cell's electrical, mechanical, and safety performance, and could lead to heat generation or leakage of electrolyte.

**Charging Temperature:**
The cell should be charged within 32°F (0°C) to 113°F (45°C).

**Reverse Charging:**
Reverse charging is prohibited. The cell is required to be connected correctly. The polarity has to be confirmed prior to wiring. If the cell is not connected properly, the cell cannot be charged. Reverse polarity charging may cause degradation of the cell’s performance, overall damage to the cell, which could lead to heat generation or leakage of electrolyte.
DISCHARGING SPECIFICATIONS

Discharging Current:
Discharging current should be less than the maximum discharge current specified within this product specification. Discharging with higher current than recommended may reduce the capacity of the cell and could cause the cell to over-heat.

Discharging Temperature:
The cell should be charged within -4°F (-20°C) to 140°F (60°C).

Over Discharging:
In order to prevent over-discharging, the cell should be charged periodically, as over-discharging may cause decreased cell performance. In the event that a cell has been over-discharged below 2V, care must be taken to bring the cell out of the over-discharged state. Charging should start with a low current (0.01C) for 15 - 30 minutes, i.e. pre-charging, before rapid charging starts. The rapid charging shall begin after the individual cell voltage has been reached above 3V per cell within 15 - 30 minutes that can be determined with the use of an appropriate timer for pre-charging. In case the individual cell voltage does not rise to 3V within the pre-charging time, then the charger shall have functions to stop further charging and display the cell is at abnormal state.

BATTERY PROTECTION/MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

The cell(s) need to be connected to a Protective Circuit Module (PCM) or Battery Management System (BMS). The PCM/BMS must have function(s) to prevent over-charging, over-discharging, and over-current to maintain the safety and overall performance of the cells. Please note that over current can happen by an external short circuit.

Overcharging:
The PCM/BMS must be programmed to stop charging if the cell reaches 3.7V. Over-current protection must be set at specified maximum continuous rating outlined in this specification.

Over-discharging:
The PCM/BMS must be programmed to stop discharging when the cell reaches 2V. Over-current protection must be set at specified maximum continuous rating outlined in this specification.

WARNINGS

Short Circuit:
Please use enough insulation layers between wiring and the cell to prevent short circuits within the battery pack.

Disassembly:
Never disassemble the cell. Disassembling may cause an internal short circuit, which may cause gas emission, fire, or other problems.
Do not puncture the cell. The electrolyte inside the cell is harmful if it comes into contact with the skin or eyes. In the event the electrolyte comes into contact with skin or eyes, it is recommended to immediately flush the electrolyte with fresh water and seek medical attention.

Warning:
Do not place cell in fire. This may cause the cell to overheat and explode.
Do no immerse the cell into liquids (water, etc.).
Do not use a damaged cell.

Replacement:
If a cell needs to be replaced, please contact Power Sonic. End users should not replace cells.

FURTHER INFORMATION

Please refer to our website www.power-sonic.com or email us at technical-support@power-sonic.com for a complete range of useful downloads, such as product catalogs, material safety data sheets (MSDS), ISO certification, etc.